

Family Law Policy	Version No:	2
	Review Frequency:	Biannually
	Last Review:	Jun-20
	Reviewed by:	Principal
	Approved:	Jun-20
	Approved by:	Board
	Next Review date:	Jun-22

PURPOSE:	The purpose of this policy is to outline Caloundra Christian College’s response to matters in relation to family law issues.
SCOPE:	The policy covers parents/carers, students and staff and describes how the College responds to requests by parents/carers who have no contractual arrangements with the College for information about, and access to, their child/ren.
REFERENCES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Family Law Act 1975 (Cth) • Australian Education Act 2013 (Cth) • Australian Education Regulation 2013(Cth) • Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017 (Qld) • Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Regulation 2017 (Qld) • Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000 (Qld) • Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Regulations 2011 (Qld) • Caloundra Christian College Child Protection Policy • Caloundra Christian College Privacy Policy

1 RATIONALE

- a) Schools have contractual obligations to the person who enrolls the child and who is responsible for payment of the fees.
- b) Schools have a duty in tort to take reasonable care for the safety of the child.
- c) Schools have no way of knowing as a fact who the natural parents of a child are.
- d) Schools should not need to determine the current state of orders in a Family Court matter.
- e) The Family Court seldom makes an order which a school is directed to obey.

2 POLICY

Except in exceptional circumstance outlined below, the College does not become involved in Family Court matters.

It is the policy of Caloundra Christian College to provide information about a child and access to the child to those people whom the College believes are the natural parents of the child and to others as per the College’s contractual obligation to the enrolling party. Under the *Australian Education Act 2013* and *s59 of the Australian Education Regulation 2013*, the College is required to provide reports to the ‘persons responsible for students’. Caloundra Christian College will provide school reports to the ‘persons responsible’ as per the above definition.

In all other matters, the College will, unless aware of information to the contrary, follow the directed course of the enrolling party, as per the College’s contractual obligations to the enrolling party. If there is a disagreement between the enrolling party and others who believe they have the right of access to information about or access to the child, it is the responsibility of those parties to reach

agreement independently from the College, either through consultation or court action. The College will not become involved as the arbiter in disputes of this kind.

3 EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

The policy is subject to 3 qualifications:

1. Where a court orders otherwise and the order binds the College.
2. Where it is reasonably foreseeable that the safety of the child could be jeopardised.
3. Where the child objects and the College believes it is in the best interests of the child to heed the objection.

4 DEFINITIONS

Parental Responsibility: In relation to a child, means all the duties, powers, responsibilities and authority which, by law, parents have in relation to children. Each of the parents of a child who is not eighteen (18) has parental responsibility for the child. This is not affected, for example, by the parents becoming separated or by either or both of them marrying or re-marrying. [*Family Law Act 1975 (Cth) s61(B); s61(C)(1) and (2)*]

Parent(s): Usually a child's parents are the father whose sperm fertilises the mother's ovum and the mother who conceived and gave birth to the child. These are called the 'natural parents'. Other circumstances of parenthood include:

- Adoptive parents;
- Step-parents may have a duty to maintain a child but only under a court order [Family Law Act 1975 (Cth) s66M];
- Where there has been artificial insemination by a donor;
- Where an ovum provided by one woman is fertilised *in vitro* and inserted in another woman; or
- Where a woman acts as a surrogate and agrees to bear a child for another woman

Persons responsible for students: The natural parents of a student are legally responsible for the student until the student turns 18 unless a parenting order has been made by the Court removing responsibility from one or both of the natural parents.

END OF POLICY

POLICY CHANGES

DATE:	POLICY CHANGES:
21/04/2020	Updated format. No content changes. Added Hyperlinks for legislation.